## In the Claims

- 1-17 (Cancelled)
- 18. (Currently amended) A method of making a <u>modified Gt1</u> seed-specific promoter responsive to a <u>Reb</u> transcription factor to which it does not respond in its native state, comprising
  - (i) determining the native response sequence for the Reb transcription factor;
- (ii) providing a heterologous nucleic acid construct comprising a <u>native Gt1</u> seed\_specific promoter which does not respond to said <u>Reb</u> transcription factor; and
- (iii) inserting the response sequence into said <u>native Gt1</u> seed\_specific promoter, resulting in a<u>the</u> modified <u>Gt1</u> seed\_specific promoter, <u>which is</u> effective to bind said <u>Reb</u> transcription factor, wherein the binding of the <u>Reb</u> transcription factor to said response sequence results in an increase in the <u>activityexpression of a gene under the control</u> of said <u>Gt1</u> seed\_specific promoter.

19-22 (Cancelled)

- 23. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the sequence of said native Gt1 seed-specific promoter is presented as SEQ ID NO: 26.
- 24. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the sequence of said Reb transcription factor is presented as SEQ ID NO: 35.